Western Australia



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BUILDING APPROVALS WESTERN AUSTRALIA August 1995

MAIN FEATURES

The number of houses approved in August 1995 increased by 34.7 per cent when compared with July 1995 and decreased by 28.6 per cent when compared with August 1994.

The number of total dwelling units approved in August 1995 increased by 32.7 per cent when compared with July 1995 and decreased by 31.2 per cent when compared with August 1994.

The provisional trend for total dwelling approvals fell 1.3 per cent in August 1995, following a 2.1 per cent fall in July 1995. This trend will continue to fall unless there is a rise of more than 6.4 per cent in the September 1995 seasonally adjusted figure. The historical average monthly movement of this series regardless of sign is 7.5 per cent.

Comparisons with previous periods are:

Month to month

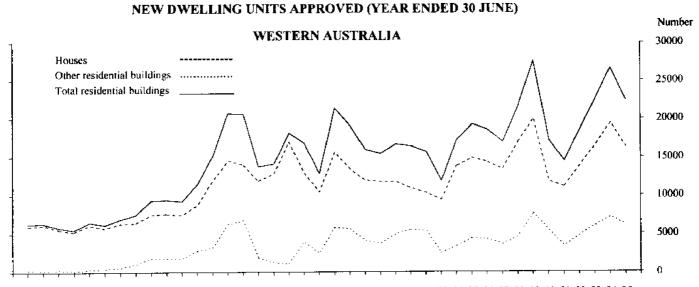
	August 1995	July 1995	% change	August 1994	% change
Houses	1,189	883	34.7	1,665	-28.6
Total dwelling units	1,596	1,203	32.7	2,320	-31.2
	Th	ree month mov	ring average		
	August 1995	July 1995	% change	August 1994	% change
Houses	1,124	1,184	-5.1	1,66 9	-32.7
Total dwelling units	1,531	1,597	-4.1	2,370	-35.4

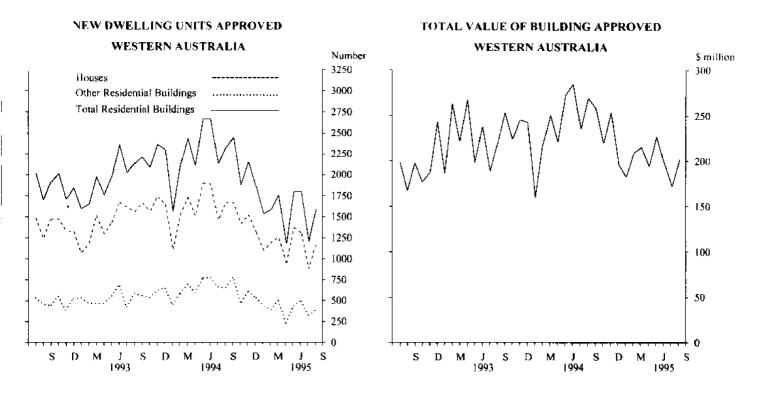
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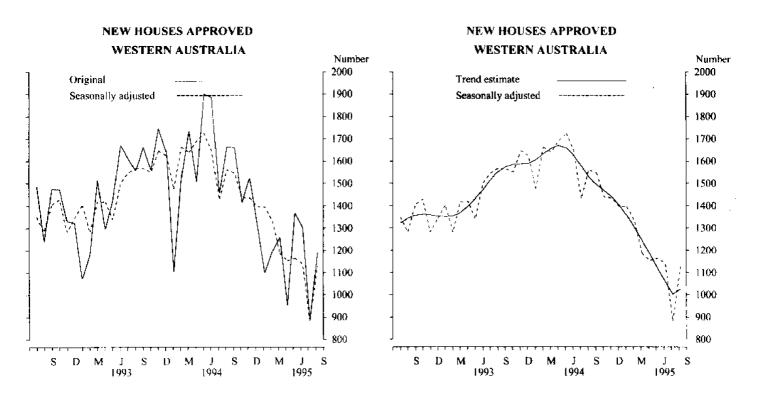


TABLE 1. NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS APPROVED

		ew houses		New other)	esidential build	dings			Total (a)	
Period	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Conversions, etc.	Private sector	Public sector	Tota
			PER	TH STATIS	TICAL DIVI	SION			,,	
1992-93	11,618	285	11,903	3,448	1,540	4,988	60	15,126	1,825	16,95
1993-94	13,899	321	14,220	4,924	929	5,853	177	18,986	1,264	20,250
1994-95	11,238	255	11,493	4,430	509	4,939	98	15,765	765	16,530
1994-95										
July-August 1995-96	2,277	54	2,331	1,012	66	1,078	19	3,307	121	3,42
July-August	1,328	26	1,354	586	15	601	12	1,926	41	1,96
1994—										
June	1,317	81	1,398	465	161	626	6	1,788	242	2,030
July	1.061	44	1,105	489	60	549	10	1,560	104	1,664
August	1,216	10	1,226	523	6	529	9	1,747	17	1.764
September	1,174		1,174	580	43	623	10	1,764	43	1.807
October	1,007	7	1,014	365	28	393	7	1,379	35	i,414
November	1.127	22	1,149	513	22	535	23	1,663	44	1.703
December	867	1	868	362	66	428	16	1,245	67	1,312
1995										
January	783	27	810	307	44	351	3	1,093	71	1,164
February	794	41	835	258	29	287	6	1.058	70	1,128
March	790	36	826	364	33	397	6	1,160	69	1,229
April	625	15	640	169	5	174	4	798	20	818
May	947	35	982	297	54	351	i	1,245	89	1,334
June	847	17	864	203	119	322	3	1,053	136	1,189
July	493	6	499	269	_	269	4	766	6	772
August	835	20	855	317	15	332	8	1,160	35	1,195
_				WESTERN 2	AUSTRALIA					
1007.03	14.034		44.40	4.00-						
1992-93	16,036	449	16,485	4.081	1,913	5,994	89	20,206	2,362	22,568
1993-94	18,966	471	19,437	5,938	1,206	7,144	195	25,085	1,691	26,77€
1994-95	15.783	424	16,207	5.297	808	6,105	115	21,194	1,233	22,427
1994-95	3.040	-14	2 122			. 700				
July-August 1995-96	3.049	74	3,123	1,218	84	1,302	23	4,289	159	4,448
July-August	2,038	34	2,072	693	22	715	12	2,743	56	2,799
1994										
June	1,779	106	1,885	554	216	770	6	2.339	322	2,661
July	1,407	51	1,458	587	71	658	12	2,006	122	2,128
August	1,642	23	1,665	631	13	644	11	2,283	. 37	2,320
September	1,655	5	1,660	706	67	773	12	2,373	72	2,44:
October	1,407	8	1,415	425	28	453	10	1,842	36	1,878
November	1,498	24	1,522	566	36	602	25	2,089	60	2,149
December	1,290	24	1,314	437	89	526	16	1,743	113	1,850
1995										
January	1,069	31	1,100	379	52	431	4	1,452	83	1,535
February	1,142	53	1,195	324	59	383	8	1,474	112	1,586
March	1.201	57	1,258	445	51	496	7	1.653	108	1,761
April	920	32	952	198	24	222	6	1,124	56	1,180
Мау	1.317	50	1,367	352	74	426	1	1,670	124	1,794
June	1,235	66	1,301	247	244	420	3	1,485	310	1,795
July	872	11	883	316		316	4	1,192	11	1,793
-		23								
August	1,166	23	1,189	377	22	399	8	1,551	45	1,596

⁽a) Includes Conversions, etc. See paragraphs 9-11 of the Explanatory Notes.

TABLE 2. VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED (\$ million)

				New res	idential hu	ilding	·							
		Houses		Other residential huildings		Total			Alterations and additions	Non-residential building		Total building		
Period	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Total	to residential buildings	Private sector	Total	Private sector	Tota
					PER	TH STA	FISTICAL	. DIVISI	ON					
1992-93	822.1	17.7	839.7	188.9	92.3	281.2	1,010.9	109.9	1,120.9	113.3	463.2	715.9	1,585.3	1,950.1
1993-94	1,067.8	19.2	1,087.0	319.3	58.6	377.9	1,387.1	77.8	1,464.8	122.0	388.1	492.4	1,896.8	2,079.3
1994-95	928.5	17.9	946.4	302.5	31.6	334.1	1,231.0	49.5	1,280.6	126.1	438.5	555.5	1,795.5	1.962.2
1994-95														
July-August	187.0	4.2	191.2	66.6	3.8	70.4	253.6	8.1	261.6	23.1	83.4	105.7	360.0	390.4
1995-96 July-August	121.9	1.9	123.8	45.7	0.8	46.5	167.6	2.7	170.3	20.3	62.2	67.6	250.1	258.2
/99 4 —														
lune	104.8	4.7	109,5	35.3	10.0	45.3	140 .1	14.7	154.9	9.3	33.6	41.4	183.0	205.6
July	89.4	3.5	92.9	32.9	3.5	36.4	122,3	7.0	129.2	10.2	41.2	42.7	173.7	182.2
August	97.6	0.7	98.4	33.7	0.4	34.0	131.3	1.1	132.4	12.9	42.2	63.0	186.4	208.2
September	91,1	-	91.1	36.3	2.7	38.9	127.4	2.7	130.0	10.9	40.6	47.2	178.9	188.2
October	80.7	0.4	81.I	25,7	1.7	27.4	106.4	2.0	108.4	12.0	41.3	47.0	159.6	167.4
November	93.8	1.4	95.1	34.2	1.4	35.5	127.9	2.7	130.7	13.8	37.8	58.9	179.6	203.4
December	72.0	0.1	72.0	22.7	3.9	26.6	94.7	4.0	98.7	8.5	31.0	32.4	134.1	139.6
1995—														
January	63.5	1.7	65.2	18.2	2.3	20.5	81.7	4.0	85,7	9,2	29.5	37.4	120.4	132.3
February	68,8	2.6	71,4	17.0	2.2	19.1	85.7	4.8	90.5	9.7	21.5	54.0	116.8	154.2
March A and I	71.7	2.9	74.5	28.5	2.2	30.7	100.2	5.0	105.2	12.0	29.7	29.8	141.9	147.0
April Mari	52.1 79.4	1.0 2.3	53.2 81.7	12.1 25.3	0.4 4.4	12.5 29 .7	64.2 104.7	1.4 6.7	65.6 111.4	0,8 0,01	53.9 39.6	65.1 45.8	126.1 154.2	138.8
May June	68.5	1.4	69.9	16.0	6.8	22.8	84.5	8,2	92.7	8.9	39.6	43.8 32.2	123.8	167.2 133.7
July	45.9	0.6	46.5	20.0	 	20.0	65.9	0.6	66.5	8.9	25.4	28.7	100.2	104.1
August	76.0	1.3	77,3	25.7	0.8	26.5	101.7	2,0	103.8	11.4	36.8	38.9	149.9	154,1
						WESTE	RN AUST	RALIA						
1992-93	1,138,8	34,9	1,173,7	227.6	118.1	345.7	1.366.4	153.0	1,519.4	137.1	591.3	889.6	2,091.8	2,546,1
1993-94	1,469.3	34.4	1,503.7	382.5	78.5	461.0	1,851.8	112.9	1,964.7	150.0	513,1	667.0	2,513.8	2,781.7
1994-95	1,319,8	34.5	1,354,3	366.3	54.0	420.3	1,686.1	88.5	1,774.6	156.2	580.9	728.2	2,422.9	2,659.0
1994-95														
July-August 1995-96	252.1	6.1	258.2	81.7	5.2	86.9	333.8	11.3	345.0	27.6	105.7	132.1	467.1	504.8
July-August	179.9	2.7	182.6	52.4	1.3	53.7	232.3	4.0	236.3	29.8	102.9	108.3	365.0	374.5
199 4 —														
June	145.7	7.6	153.2	40,7	14.8	55.4	186.3	22.3	208.7	12.0	46.0	63.7	244.3	284.4
July	119.4	4.0	123.3	40.1	4.4	44.4	159.4	8.3	167.8	12,7	51.5	55.0	223.6	235.5
August	132.7	2.1	134.8	41.6	0.8	42.4	174.3	2.9	177.3	14.9	54.2	77.1	243.4	269.3
September	133.1	0.5	133.6	45.0	4.3	49.2	178.1	4.8	182.8	14.0	50.9	61.9	243.0	258.7
October	113.1	0.5	113.6	30.1	1.7	31.7	143.2	2.1	145.3	14.6	48.3	60.2	206.0	220.1
November December	127.4 107.9	1.6 2,2	129.0 110.1	38.0 27.6	2.3 5.7	40.4 33.3	165.4 135.4	3,9 7.9	169.3 143.4	16.3 10.6	46.4 39.9	68.0 42.0	228.1 185.9	253.6 196.0
<i>1995</i> January	88.2	2,4	90.6	22.9	2.9	25.8	111.1	5.3	116.4	11.3	40.5	54.8	162.8	182,5
February	97.9	4.1	102.0	22.6	4.2	26.8	120.5	8.3	128.8	12.5	34.2	68.3	167.1	209.6
March	106.7	4.7	111.4	35.5	3.6	39.0	142.2	8.3	150.4	14.9	48.2	50.1	205.3	215.5
April	79.1	2.7	81.7	14.0	2.2	16.1	93.0	4.8	97.9	10.3	73.6	85.8	176.9	193.9
May	111.5	3.7	115.2	29.5	6.2	35.7	141.0	9,9	151.0	12.9	54.7	63.3	208.6	227.2
June	102.9	6.1	109,0	19.4	15.9	35.3	122.3	22.0	144.3	11.2	38.5	41.6	172.0	197 .1
July	76.8	1.1	77.8	23. i		23.1	99,9	1.1	100.9	15.8	51.9	55.1	167.5	171.9
August	103.1	1.6	104.8	29.3	1,3	30,6	132.4	3.0	135.4	14.0	51.0	53.2	197.5	202.6

TABLE 3. NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS (a) APPROVED SEASONALLY ADJUSTED AND TREND ESTIMATES (b)

		House	28			Total	<u></u>	
	Private sector		Total		Private sector	,	Total	
Period	Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimate	Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimate	Seasonally adjusted	Trend extimate	Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimate
1994								
June	1,588	1,571	1,647	1,626	2,148	2,118	2,287	2,269
July	1,342	1,525	1.431	1,578	1,958	2,083	2,112	2,234
August	1,528	1,485	1,561	1,530	2,055	2,051	2,161	2,194
September	1,544	1,461	1,545	1,495	2,079	2,026	2,262	2,158
October	1,413	1,444	1.439	1,469	1,995	1,996	2,073	2,115
November	1,382	1,422	1,435	1,441	1,944	1.949	2,081	2,054
December	1,381	1,382	1,398	1,403	1,872	1,874	1,994	1.966
1995								
January	1,421	1.330	1,396	1,356	1,844	1,775	1,824	1.858
February	1,271	r1,267	1,332	r1,299	1,664	r1,662	1,781	r 1,739
March	1,136	r1,204	1,186	r1,240	1,506	r1,554	1,659	т1,630
April	1,107	r1,142	1,153	r),180	1,398	r1,462	1,386	r 1,542
May	1,129	т1,088	1,163	г1,126	1,440	r1,392	1,510	r 1,476
June	1,118	т1,045	1,139	г1,082	1,320	r1,342	1,510	r1,470
July	841	т1,012	879	r1,047	1,238	r1,307	1,245	r1,399
August	1,094	996	1,129	1,026	1,387	1,293	1,510	1,382

(a) Includes Conversions, etc. See paragraphs 9-11 of the Explanatory Notes. (b) Seasonally adjusted series smoothed by application of a 13-term Henderson moving average. Trend estimates for the most recent months are provisional and can be revised as data for additional months become available. See Explanatory Notes for a more detailed explanation.

TABLE 4. VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED AT AVERAGE 1989-90 PRICES (a)

				(2 million	1)				
		New residentia	al huilding		Alterations	Non-residential huilding		Total building	
	Houses	7	Other		and — additions				
Period	Private sector	Total	residential buildings	Total	to residential buildings	Private sector	Total	Private sector	Total
1992-93	1,261,4	1,300.1	341.2	1,641,4	151.7	579.6	872.0	2,207.3	2,665.1
1993-94	1,580.5	1,617.4	453.3	2,070.7	161.4	501.0	651.3	2,613.2	2,883.4
1994-95	1,356.8	1.391.9	408.0	1.799.9	160.5	560.5	702.8	2,429.8	2,663.2
1994									
Mar, qtr.	367.4	371.3	112.7	484.0	41.0	103.2	126.6	606.4	651.6
June qtr.	437.7	454.3	139.0	593.3	41.3	135.2	164.4	717.9	799.0
Sept. qtr.	398.3	405.1	132,8	537.8	43.0	151.9	188.2	715.8	769.0
Dec. qtr.	359.5	363.9	102.3	466.2	42.8	130.0	164.4	624.4	673.5
/99 <u>5</u> —-									
Mar. qtr.	300.3	311.7	88.8	400.5	39.7	118.3	167.0	535.8	607.1
June qtr.	298,6	311.3	84.1	395.4	35.0	160.2	183.2	553.7	613.6

(a) See paragraphs 22-27 of the Explanatory Notes. Constant price estimates are subject to revision each quarter as more up to date information on prices and commodity compositions becomes available.

TABLE 5. VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED, BY CLASS OF BUILDING AND OWNERSHIP
(\$ million)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(\$ milli	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Class of building	1993-94	1994-95	<u> </u>	1995-96		1995	
	1993-94	PRIVATE S		1993-90	June	July	August
New houses	1,469.3	1,319.8	252.1	179.9	102.9	76.8	103.1
New other residential buildings	382.5	366.3	81.7	52.4	19.4	23.1	29.3
Total new residential building	1,851,8	1.686.1	333.8	232.3	122.3	99.9	132.4
Alterations and additions to residential buildings	148,9	155.9	27.6	29.7	11.2	15.7	14.0
Hotels, etc.	30.3	46.9	3.4	4.9	2.0	2.5	2.3
Shops	151.3	131.8	20.5	9.4	12.4	4.3	5.1
Factories	55.4	79.5	17.2	12.1	3.8	7.8	4.3
Offices	53.7	85. I	19.2	13.8	5.9	8.0	5.8
Other business premises	89.9	90.8	17.1	25.1	7.0	18.5	6.6
Educational Religious	41.0 9.1	30.2 5.7	7,4 0.4	13.2	0.4	1.8	11.5
Health	28.8	32.2	9.2	0.9 2.1	0.8 3.7	0.6 0.9	0.3
Entertainment and recreational	25.7	28.3	6.0	8.4	0.3	4.6	1.3 3.8
Miscellaneous	27.9	50.2	5.3	12.9	2.0	2.8	10.1
Total non-residential building	313.1	580.9	105,7	102.9	38.5	51.9	51.0
Total	2,513.8	2,422,9	467.1	365.0	172.0	167.5	197.5
	•	PUBLIC SI					
No. be as							
New houses	34.4	34.5	6,1	2.7	6.1	1.1	1.6
New other residential buildings	78.5	54.0	5.2	1.3	15,9		1.3
Total new residential building	112.9	88.5	11.3	4.0	22.0	1.1	3.0
Alterations and additions to							
residential buildings	I .1	0.2	•	0.1	_	0.1	
Hotels, etc.	_	1.6			_	_	_
Shops	1.8	4.4	0.4	0.3	0.3		0.3
Factories	1.3	0.7	0.1	_	0.1	_	_
Offices	27.7	30.9	1.7	1.9	0.6	0.6	1,3
Other business premises	17.4	6.8	5.9	_	0.3	_	_
Educational	61.0	52.1	15.4	_	_	_	_
Religious Health	23.4	3.8	0.7	0.7	_	0.7	_
Entertainment and recreational	13,7	7.7	0.4	1.6	1.3	1.5	0.1
Miscellaneous	7.6	39.3	1.9	0.9	0,6	0.4	0.5
Total non-residential building	153.9	147.3	26.4	5.4	3.1	3.2	2.1
Total	267.9	236.1	37.7	9.5	25 .1	4.4	
1 Offil	2019	TOTA		9.5	23.1	4.4	5,1
		•					
New houses	1,503.7	1,354.3	258.2	182.6	109.0	77.8	104.8
New other residential buildings	461.0	420.3	86.9	53.7	35.3	23.1	30.6
Total new residential building	1,964.7	1,774.6	345,0	236.3	144.3	100.9	135.4
Alterations and additions to residential buildings	150.0	156.2	27.6	29.8	11.2	15.8	14.0
Hotels, etc.	30.3	48.5	3.4	4.9	2.0	2.5	2.3
Shops	153.1	136.2	20.9	9.7	12.7	4,3	5,4
Factories	56.7	80.3	17.3	12.1	3.9	7.8	4.3
Offices	81.3	116.0	20.9	15.7	6.5	8.6	7.1
Other business premises	107.3	97.7	23,0	25.1	7.2	18.5	6.6
Educational	102.1	82.3	22.7	13.2	0.4	1.8	11.5
Religious	9.1	5.7	0.4	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.3
Health	52.2	36.0	9,9	2.9	3.7	1.6	1.3
Entertainment and recreational	39.5	36.0	6.3	10.0	1.6	6.1	3.9
Miscellaneous	35.5	89.5	7.2	13.8	2.6	3.2	10.6
Total non-residential building	667.0	728.2	132.1	108.3	41.6	55.1	53.2
Total	2,781.7	2,659.0	504.8	374.5	197.1	171.9	202.6
	4,011	-4-2710			27741	. / /	404.V

TABLE 6. NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDING JOBS APPROVED, BY CLASS OF BUILDING AND VALUE SIZE GROUPS

			AND V	ALUE SIZ	E GROUI	PS					
										Total	i
No.	Value (\$m)	No.	Value (\$m)	No.	Value (\$m)	No.	Value (Sm)	No.	Value (\$m)	No.	Value (\$m)
			•	HOTELS. E	ETC.						
2	0.2	3	0.6		- `	<u></u> I	1.2	_		6	2.0
8	0.9	5	1.6	_	_	_	_		_	13	2.5
7	0.7	<u> </u>	0.4	_			1.3		_	9	2.3
								_	_		12.7
									_		4.3
	2.4	10	2,9	<u> </u>						34	5.4
				FACTOR	ies						
					6.4			_	_		3.9
				,		2					7.8
	1.1		2,0							23	4.3
								_	_		6.5
						2		•			8.6 7.1
										36	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					1.0		<u>.</u>		
											7.2 18.5
14	1.4	5	1.6	6	3.5	_		_		25	6.6
				EDUCATIO	NAL						
2	0.2	1	0.2		_					3	0.4
Į.	0.1						1.1				1.8
3	0.3	4	1.1	2	1,1			1	9,0	10	11.5
				RELIGIO	us						
	_	2					-	_	_		0,8
		2	0.5	_	_	_	-	_			0.6
3	0.3			-							0.3
				HEAUT	H						
		1		_	_	i	2.5	_			3.7
								_	_		1.6 1.3
,	0.3			-							
				MENT AND		IONAL.					
				 					_		1.6 6.1
3	0.1	i	0.3	1	0.9	2	2.6	_	_	7	3.9
		-		MISCELLAN	IEOUS						
8	0.8	4	1,2	1	0.7	· - ·				13	2,6
15	1,6	5	1.6	-	_	_	_		_	20	3.2
8	0,7	3	1.1	4	2.6	3	6.2			18	10.6
74	7.8	54 39	16.3	9	5.6 6.9	7	11.9	_ 1	— R G	144 150	41.6 55.1
											53.2
103		43	13.0	17	10.7	U	10.1	'	7.0	170	
	10 28 24 14 12 14 19 14 13 3 3 4 5 1 3 3 15 8 15 8	No. (\$m) 2 0.2 8 0.9 7 0.7 10 1.3 28 2.6 24 2.4 14 1.3 12 1.2 14 1.7 13 1.3 13 1.2 24 2.2 14 1.4 19 2.1 14 1.4 19 2.1 14 1.4 19 2.1 13 0.3 6 0.8 1 0.1 3 0.3 6 0.8 1 0.1 3 0.3 6 0.8 1 0.1 3 0.3	than \$200,000 than \$500 Value No. (\$m) No.	\$50,000 to less than \$200,000 Value	\$50,000 to less than \$200,000 Value No. (Sm) No. (Sm) No.	\$50,000 to less than \$300,000 Value No. N	than \$200,000 than \$1m than \$2.5 No. Value (\$m) No. N	S50,000 to less Hann \$200,000 to less than \$200,000 to less than \$200,000 than \$200,000 No. Value No. Value (Sm) No. Value No. Value No. No. Value No. Value No. No. No. Value No. No. No. Value No. N	\$50,000 to less than \$100,000 to less than		

TABLE 7. BUILDING APPROVALS BY STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS (a), AUGUST 1995

	·	Ne	w residentia	d building (b,	,		Alterations	Non-resid buildi		
		Houses		Other re	exidential huit	dings	and additions	-		
Statistical local area, statistical subdivision and statistical division	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$'000)	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$'000)	to residential buildings (\$*000)	Private sector (\$'000)	Total (\$'000)	Total building (\$'000)
	(1.1.1.1.7.1.7		-			(2 (6/1))	(5 (6/2)	(# 0/////	(8 (100))	(a mm)
Combadding (Th		PERT		TICAL DI	VISION				_	
Cambridge (T) Claremont (T)	8 2		1,684 398		-	_	988	1,300	1.300	3,972
Cottesloe (T)	3		640	4		771	382 370	1,544	1,544	2,324
Mosman Park (T)	5	_	738	. **	_		260	228	228	1,78° 1,220
Nedlands (C)	14		3,395	4		458	601	290	290	4,744
eppermint Grove (S)	_		-	_	_		30	_	2.0	36
Perth (C) — Inner			_		_	_	_	824	824	824
Perth (C) — Remainder	_		_	100	_	10,771	373	679	679	11,823
Subiaco (C)	3		375	2	_	190	540	165	165	1,276
Victoria Park (T)	2	1	268	4		127	148	464	464	1,007
Vincent (T)	5	_	736	14	_	1,110	534	850	850	3,230
Central Metropolitan (SSD)	42	1	8.234	128	_	13,427	4,226	6.344	6,344	32,23
Bassendean (T)	5	_	298	_	_		135	730	730	1,163
Hayswater (C)	13		1,103	2	_	130	180	560	560	1,972
Kalamunda (S)	9	_	982	3		153	229	409	409	1,773
Mundaring (S)	30		2,901	_	_	_	253	285	285	3,431
Swan (S)	98		7,490	19	11	1,704	27 l	1,802	1,802	11,26
East Metropolitan (SSD)	155		12.773	24	H	1,987	1,068	3.786	3,786	19,61
Stirling (C) — Central	10	3	1,195	28	_	1,449	584	11.331	11,331	14,559
Stirling (C) — West	16	_	1,777	21	_	1,575	545	_	_	3,89
Stirling (C) South-Eastern	3		214	9		770	628	100	100	1,713
Wanneroo (C)	235		20,578	21		1,150	989	3,847	4,427	27,144
North Metropolitan (SSD)	264	3	23,764	79	_	4,944	2,747	15.278	15,858	47.31.
Cockburn (C)	49	7	4,666	2	_	160	241	553	553	5,620
Fast Fremantle (T)	2	_	245	_	_	_	340	262	262	841
Fremantle (C) — Inner							•			
Fremantie (C) — Remainder	4	_	257	_	_	_	177	2,121	2,121	2,555
Kwinana (T)	11	_	678	2	_	40	-	1,375	2,275	2,993
Melville (C) Rockingham (C)	36 88	<u> </u>	5,216 6,760	27	2 2	2,534 135	519 211	605 1,050	605 1,450	8,875 8,551
South West Metropolitan (SSD)	190	8	17,823	31	4	2.869	1,489	5.966	7,266	29,44
Adala (C)	29		1,786	2		102	447	355	355	2,690
Armadale (C) Belmont (C)	18		1,642	4		132	45	750	750	2,569
Canning (C)	28	3	2,752	32	_	1,870	512	2,227	2,227	7,36
Gosnells (C)	90	_	6,111	9	_	449	81	978	978	7,611
Serpentine-Jarrahdale (S)	10	_	998	_	_	_	_	876	876	1,874
South Perth (C)	9	5	1,384	8		709	768	250	500	3,36
South East Metropolitan (SSD)	184	8	14,673	55	_	3,262	1,852	5,436	5,686	25,47
Total	835	20	77,267	317	15	26,489	11,382	36,810	38,940	154,07
		SOUTH	WEST STA	ATISTICAL	. DIVISION	ı				
Boddington (S)	_		_	_	_			_		_
Mandurah (C)	88		7,452	14		948	95	998	998	9,49
Murray (S)	14	_	1,127	3	_	190	85	320	320	1,72
Waroona (S)	2	-	147			_				14
Dale (SSD)	104	_	8,727	17	_	1,138	179	1,318	1,318	11,36.
Bunbury (C)	6	_	781	_	_	_	89	885	885	1,754
Capel (S)	5	_	485	_	_	_	10	1,923	1,923	2,41
Collie (S)	2	_	168	<u>-</u> .		_		_	_	160
Dardanup (S)	6		420	_	_	_	17			431
Donnybrook-Balingup (8)		_	1 150	_	_	_	20	_	_	20
Harvey (S)	15		1,358		_		76	58	58 2 % 6	1,490
Prexton (SSD)	34	_	3.212	_	_	_	212	2,866	2,866	6.28

TABLE 7. BUILDING APPROVALS BY STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS (a), AUGUST 1995—continued

		Ne	w residentia	l building (b)) 		Alterations	•		
		Houses		Other re	sidential bui	dings	and = additions			
Statistical local area, statistical subdivision and statistical division	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$'000)	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$'000)	to residential huildings (\$'000)	Private sector (\$'000)	Total (\$1000)	Tota building (\$ '000
THE STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF	(1127117217	(118/11/12/)	10	(114/11/17)	(48444.27)	(10 (1117)	100 17/2/27	12 1000	(2 /////	(# IMEI
	SOU	JTH WEST	STATIST	ICAL DIVI	SION (cont	inued)				
Augusta-Margaret River (S)		_			_	_			_	_
Busselton (S)	23		2,436	_	•••		305	984	984	3,72
Vasse (SSD)	23		2.436		_	_	305	984	984	3,72,
Boyup Brook (S)	1		40	_			25	_	_	6
Bridgetown-Greenbushes (S)	3		293		·	_	63	312	312	66
Manjimup (S)	3	_	236			_	90	_	_	326
Nannup (S)	3		184	_	_	_	_	60	60	244
Blackwood (SSD)	10	_	753			_	178	372	372	1.30.
Total	171	_	15,128	17		1,138	874	5,539	5,539	22,679
	LOW	'ER GREAT	SOUTHE	RN STATI	STICAL D	IVISION				
Broomehill (S)	2		75		_	_	_			7:
Gnowangerup (S)	_	_						_	_	_
Jerramungup (S)	_	_	_	2	_	30	_	_		30
Katanning (S)	1	_	40	_			_	350	350	396
Kent (S)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			_
Kojonup (S)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Tambellup (S)		** **						_	_	_
Woodanilling (\$)	l l	_	35	_	_		****		_	3:
Pallinup (SSD)	4	_	150	2	_	30	_	350	350	530
Albany (T)	12		1,070	4		171	290	_		1,53
Albany (S)	10		736		_		142	65	65	94
Cranbrook (S)			_	_		_		_	_	
Denmark (S)	3		390	_	_	_		_	_	39
Plantagenet (S)	í		30				_			3
King (SSD)	26	_	2,226	4	_	171	431	65	65	2,89.
Total	30	_	2,376	6	_	201	431	415	415	3,42.
	UPP	ER GREAT	SOUTHE	RN STATIS	STICAL DI	VISION	•			
Brookton (S)	_						· _	_		_
Cuballing (S)	cc#		_	_	_	_	_		. –	_
Dumbleyung (S)	_	_	_	_			_	_	· –	_
Natrogin (T)	_			-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Narrogin (S)	1		42	_	_	_	22	_	_	6
Pingelly (S)	_	_	_	_			_	_	-	_
Wagin (S)	_		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Wandering (S)	_		_	_	_	_	_			
West Arthur (S)	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	<u>·</u>	_
Wickepin (S)		-	_	_	_	_				-
Williams (S)	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
	1		42	_	_	_	22		_	6
Hotham (SSD)				_	_	_	15	_		1
Hotham (SSD) Corrigin (S)		_	_							_
Corrigin (S)		_	_		_	· —	_		_	
Corrigin (S) Kondinin (S)	 _ _		_	_	_		_	_	_	_
Corrigin (S) Kondinin (S) Kulin (S)	 _ _	_ _ _			_ _ _	191		_ _ _	_	
Hotham (SSD) Corrigin (S) Kondinin (S) Kulin (S) Lake Grace (S) Lakey (SSD)	 - - !	_ _ _ _		_ 2 2	_ _ _ _			_ _ _		26 28

For footnote, see end of table.

TABLE 7. BUILDING APPROVALS BY STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS (a), AUGUST 1995 continued

		Ne	w residentja	l huilding (h)		Non-residential Alterations building			
		Houses		Other re	esidential bui	ldings	and : additions			
Statistical local area, statistical subdivision and statistical division	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$ 000)	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$ '000)	to residential huildings (\$'000)	Private sector (\$ 000)	Total (\$`000)	Total huilding (\$'000)
		MIDLA	NDS STA	TISTICAL	DIVISION					
Chittering (S)	5		373				55			428
Dandaragan (S)	1		120		_	_		_		120
Gingin (S)	5		404	_	_		90	_	_	494
Moora (S)				_		_	_	_	_	_
Victoria Plains (S)	_	-	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
Moure (SSD)	П		897	· -	_		145	-	_	1,041
Beverley (S)		_		_	-,	_			_	
Cunderdin (S)		_	_	_		_		_	_	_
Dalwallinu (S)	_		_		_	_	_	_	_	_
Dowerin (S)	_		_	_	_	_	. —		_	
Goomalling (S)		_		_		_	. —	_		_
Koorda (S)	_			_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Northam (T)	3	_	279	_	_	_	91		_	370
Northam (S) Quairading (S)	5	_	350	_		_	75	_	_	425
Commin (S)		_	-	_				_	_	_
Toodyay (S)			766		_	_	_		_	
Wongan-Ballidu (S)	_	_	266	_	_	_		_	_	266
Wyalkatchem (S)	_		_	_	_	_	45	_	_	45
York (S)			231		_	_	100	_	_	
Avon (SSD)	16	-	1,126	_	_	_	3//	_		331 <i>1,436</i>
Bruce Rock (S)	_			_	_		_			
Kellerberrin (S)	_		_	_	_				_	_
Merredin (S)	_	_	_	_		_	_		_	_
Mount Marshall (S)	1	1	194	_	_				_	194
Mukinbudin (S)		_				_		_		- 77
Narembeen (S)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1%	_	_
Nungarin (S)	_	_		_		_	_	_		_
Frayning (S)	19	_	11	-	_	_				11
Westonia (S)	. —	_	_	_	·	_	_		-	_
Yilgam (S)	5	_	493	6	_	283	_	179	179	955
Campion (SSD)	25	i	698	ó	_	283	_	179	179	1,160
l'otal	52	1	2,720	6	_	283	456	179	179	3,637
	5	SOUTH EAS	STERN ST	ATISTICA	L DIVISIO	N.				
Coolgardie (S)				2		40	16			56
Kalgoorlie/Boulder (C)	24		1,999	9	•	470	120	874	874	3,463
Laverton (S)	Sec	_	_	_	_	-			_	
Leonora (S)	_			_		_	309	4,287	4.287	4,597
Menzies (S)	_	_		_	_	_	_		_	
Lefroy (SSD)	24		1.999	11	_	510	445	5,161	5.161	8,116
Dundas (S)	_		_	_	_	_		_		_
Esperance (S)	7	_	540	2		107	49	200	200	895
Ravensthorpe (S)	_	_		_	_		_	200	_	0,0
lohnston (SSD)	7	_	540	2	_	107	49	200	200	895

TABLE 7. BUILDING APPROVALS BY STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS (a), AUGUST 1995 continued

		Ne	w residentia	d building (b)		Alterations	dential ing		
		Houses		Other r	exidential bui	ldings	and additions			Total building (\$'000)
Statistical local area, statistical subdivision and statistical division	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$'000)	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$ 000)	to residential buildings (\$'000)	Private sector (\$'000)	Total (\$ '000)	
		CENT	RAL STA	TISTICAL .	DIVISION					
Camaryon (S)	_	2	296			_		86	86	382
Exmouth (S)	1		40	_	_			_	_	40
Shark Bay (S)	1		82	3		290	29		_	401
Upper Gascoyne (S)					_			_	_	
Gascoyne (SSD)	2	2	418	3	_	290	29	86	86	824
Cue (S)	_		_	_	_	_		_	_	_
Meekatharra (S)	-		_	_		_			_	_
Mount Magnet (S)	_					_		_	_	_
Murchison (S)	_				_	_		_	_	
Ngaanyatjarraku (S)	_		_	_	_	_	_		_	
Sandstone (S)	_	_	_		_	_	_	_		
Wiluna (S)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Yalgoo (S)	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
Carnegie (SSD)	_	_		-	_	_	_		_	_
Camamah (S)	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_
Chapman Valley (S)	3		128	_	_	_	35			163
Coerow (S)	_		_	_		_	18	_	_	18
Geraldton (C)	7		615	9	5	1,055	27	469	469	2,166
Greenough (\$)	16	_	1,837	_	2	151	17		_	2,005
Irwin (S)	5		377	2		120	10	55	55	562
Mingenew (S)				_				_		_
Morawa (S)	_	_	_		_		_	72	72	73
Mullewa (S)	_	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
Northampton (S)	_	_	_	_			20		_	20
Perenjori (S)	_	_	_	_		_	_	_		_
Three Springs (S)				_		_	37	_	_	37
Greenough River (SSD)	31	_	2,956	-n	7	1,326	164	596	596	5,042
Total	33	2	3,374	14	7	1,616	193	682	682	5,865
		PILBA	RA STAT	ISTICAL	DIVISION	·				
Fast Pilbara (S)		<u> </u>					20			20
Port Hedland (T)	2		195		-	_	66	420	420	681
De Grey (SSD)	2	_	195	_	_	_	86	420	420	70,
Ashburton (S)	_	_		_	_					
Roebourne (S)	2		167						_	167
Fortescue (SSD)	2	_	167	_	_	_	_			167
Total	4	_	362	_	_	_	86	420	420	868
		KIMDE		TICTIC' A I	DIVISION	r				
n 11 co 1 co 1		KINIDE:		ALIGHÇAI	_ DIVISION	•				···
Halls Creek (S)			210		_	_	15		E41	766
Wyndham-East Kimberley (S) Ord (SSD)	2 2	_	210		-		15 75	541	541 541	760 760
D (C)			47/	•		0.7	15	1 000	1.000	
Broome (S) Derby-West Kimberley (S)	6		676	2		93	45	1,080	1.080	1,894
Fitzen: (SSD)	6	_	676	2		— 93	— 45	1,080	1,080	1.89
• •										
Total	8		886			93	60	1,621	1,621	2,660
**************************************			WESTERN	N AUSTRA	LIA					
Western Australia	1,166	23	104,768	377	22	30,628	14,013	51,027	53,157	202,560

⁽a) City councils are marked (C), Town councils (T), Shire councils (S), and Statistical Subdivisions (SSD). (b) Excludes Conversions, etc.

TABLE 8. NUMBER OF NEW HOUSES (a) APPROVED BY MATERIAL OF OUTER WALLS, FLOOR AREA AND VALUE PER SQUARE METRE BY STATISTICAL DIVISION AUGUST 1995

		Material of outer walls							
Statistical division	Double brick(b)	Brick veneer	Fibre cement	Timber	Other and not stated	Total	Floor area (sq m)	Average floor area (sq m)	Average value per square metre (\$)
Perth	833	8	4	4	5	855	192,340	225	402
South-West	144	6	12	2	7	171	38,044	222	398
Lower Great Southern	10	13	1	5	1	30	5,912	197	402
Upper Great Southern	2	_		_	•	2	201	101	575
Midlands	32	4	15	2	_	53	7,120	134	382
South-Eastern	6	13	10	_	2	31	5,348	173	475
Central	26	3	1	4	ī	35	7,028	201	480
Pilbara	2	ı	1		_	4	674	169	537
Kimberley	8	_	_	_		8	1,608	201	551
Western Australia	1,063	48	44	17	16	1,189	258,275	217	406

⁽a) Excludes Conversions, etc. (b) Includes houses constructed with outer walls of stone and concrete.

TABLE 9. NEW DWELLING UNITS (a) APPROVED, BY TYPE AND STATISTICAL DIVISION AUGUST 1995

	_	New other residential hailding								
	New houses	Semi-detached, row or terrace houses, townhouses, etc. of			Flats, u		Total			
Statistical division		1 storey	2 or more storeys	Total	1-2 storeys	3 storeys	4 or more storeys	Total	Total	new residential huilding
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	NU	IMBER OF I	OWELLING UP	NITS			,	
Perth	855	291	23	314	_		18	18	332	1,187
South West	171	13	4	17			_		17	188
Lower Great	• • •			• •					''.	100
Southern	30	6		6	_	_	_		6	36
Upper Great				-					v	30
Southern	2	2	_	2	_		_		2	4
Midlands	53	6		6				_	6	59
South Eastern	31	13	_	13	_		_		13	44
Central	35	18	3	21			_		21	56
Pilbara	4		_		_		_	_		4
Kimbertey	8	2	_	2		_		_	2	10
Western Australia	1,189	351	30	381	_		18	18	399	1,588
				VALU	Æ (\$'000)					
Perth	77,267	21.319	2,171	23.489	_		3,000	3,000	26,489	103,756
South West	15,128	750	388	1,138		_		_	1,138	16,266
Lower Great									,	
Southern	2,376	201	_	201	_				201	2,577
Upper Great										
Southern	116	191		191	_		_	_	191	307
Midlands	2,720	283		283	_		_		283	3,003
South Eastern	2.539	617	** *	617	_	_	_		617	3,156
Central	3,374	1,326	290	1,616	_	_		_	1,616	4,990
Pilbara	362		_	_				_		362
Kimberley	886	93		93	_	-	_	·	93	979
Western Australia	164,768	24,780	2,849	27,628			3,000	3,000	30,628	135,396

⁽a) Excludes Conversions, etc.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction

This publication contains monthly details of building work approved. Statistics of building work approved are compiled from:

- (a) permits issued by local government authorities in areas subject to building control by those authorities;
- approvals issued by the Rural Housing Authority in areas not subject to building control by local government authorities;
- (c) contracts let or day labour work authorised by Commonwealth, State, semi-government and local government authorities.

Major building activity which takes place in areas not subject to the normal administrative approval processes (e.g. buildings on remote mine sites) is also included.

Factors affecting comparability

2. For purposes of comparison, it should be borne in mind that statistics of building approvals are affected from month to month by the number of large projects (such as blocks of flats and multi storey office buildings), approved in particular months and also by the administrative arrangements of government authorities.

Scope and coverage

- 3. The statistics relate to building activity which includes construction of new buildings and alterations and additions to existing buildings. Construction activity not defined as building (e.g. construction of roads, bridges, railways, earthworks, etc.) is excluded.
- 4. In relation to work carried out on existing buildings, the statistics include details of non-structural renovation and refurbishment work and the installation of integral building fixtures, for which building approval was obtained.
- 5. From July 1990, the statistics cover:
 - (b) all approved new residential building jobs valued at \$10,000 or more:
 - (b) approved alterations and additions to residential buildings valued at \$10,000 or more;
 - (c) all approved non-residential building jobs valued at \$50,000 or more.

From July 1988 to June 1990, the statistics covered:

- (d) all approved new residential building jobs valued at \$5,000 or more (previously all new residential building jobs were included regardless of value);
- (e) approved alterations and additions to residential buildings valued at \$10,000 or more;
- (f) all approved non-residential building jobs valued at \$30,000 or more (previously \$10,000 or more).

These changes in scope mainly affect non-residential building data and do not have a statistically significant effect on broad building approvals aggregate data. However, care should be taken in interpreting data for specific classes of non-residential building.

Definitions

- 6. A building is defined as a rigid, fixed and permanent structure which has a roof. Its intended purpose is primarily to house people, plant, machinery, vehicles, goods or livestock. An integral feature of a building's design, to satisfy its intended use, is the provision for regular access by humans.
- 7. A dwelling unit is defined as a self contained suite of rooms, including cooking and bathing facilities and intended for long term residential use. Units (whether self contained or not) within buildings offering institutional care, such as hospitals, or temporary accommodation, such as motels, hostels and holiday apartments, are not defined as dwelling units. The value of units of this type is included in the appropriate category of non-residential building approved.
- 8. A residential building is defined as a building predominantly consisting of one or more dwelling units. Residential buildings can be either houses or other residential buildings as follows:
 - (a) A house is defined as a detached building predominantly used for long term residential purposes and consisting of only one dwelling unit. Thus detached 'granny flats' and detached dwelling units (such as caretaker's residences) associated with non-residential buildings are defined as houses for the purpose of these statistics.
 - (b) An other residential building is defined as a building which is predominantly used for long term residential purposes and which contains (or has attached to it) more than one dwelling unit (e.g. includes flats, home units, townhouses, duplexes, apartment buildings, etc).
- 9. From the January 1995 issue of this publication, the number of dwelling units approved as part of alterations and additions to existing buildings (including conversions of non-residential buildings to dwelling units) and as part of the construction of non-residential building is shown separately in Table 1 under the heading of "Conversions, etc.", and is included in the total number of dwelling units shown in the table. Previously, such dwellings were only included as a footnote.
- 10. In addition, from the January 1995 issue, the seasonally adjusted and trend estimates for the number of dwelling units approved, shown in Table 3, include these conversions, etc. Previously, only dwelling units approved as part of the construction of new residential buildings were included in these estimates.
- 11. The value of new residential building approved continues to exclude the value of dwelling units created as conversions of (residential and) non-residential buildings, and the value of dwelling units erected as part of the construction of new non-residential building. Approved building work represented by these conversions, etc. continues to be included in the value of alterations and additions to residential buildings or in the value of non-residential building as appropriate.
- 12. Values data are derived by aggregation of the estimated value (when completed) of building work

(excluding value of land and landscaping but including site preparation) as reported on approval documents. For houses, these estimates are usually a reliable indicator of the completed value of the building. However, for other residential buildings and non-residential buildings these estimates can, and often do, differ significantly from the completed value of the building.

Building classification

- 13. Ownership. The ownership of a building is classified as either public sector or private sector according to the sector of the intended owner of the completed building as evident at the time of approval. Residential buildings being constructed by private sector builders under government housing authority schemes whereby the authority has contracted, or intends to contract, to purchase the buildings on or before completion, are classified as public sector.
- 14. Functional classification of buildings. A building is classified according to its intended major function. Hence a building which is ancillary to other buildings or forms a part of a group of related buildings is classified to the function of the building and not to the function of the group as a whole. An example of this can be seen in the treatment of building work approved for a factory complex. In this case a detached administration building would be classified to offices, a detached cafeteria building to shops, while factory buildings would be classified to factories. An exception to this rule is in the treatment of group accommodation buildings where, for example, a student accommodation building on a university campus would be classified to Educational.
- 15. From July 1992, an expanded functional classification of buildings based on the *Dwelling Structure Classification (DSC)* has been introduced by the ABS to provide more detailed information on residential building approvals.
- 16. The DSC has been developed by the ABS to provide a standard classification of the different types of dwelling structures (houses, flats, townhouses, etc.). The DSC will be implemented across all major collections of housing data in the ABS. The DSC has the same overall scope as the classification used in previous collections but provides more detail than previously available to reflect the current interest in medium to high density housing.
- 17. In particular, for Building Approvals, DSC allows new *other residential building* to be classified as follows:
 - (a) Semi-detached, row or terrace houses, townhouses, etc. (dwellings having their own private grounds and no other dwellings above or below) with
 - one storey:
 - two or more storeys.
 - (b) Flats, units or apartments, etc. (dwellings not having their own private grounds and usually sharing a common entrance, foyer or stairwell) in a building of:
 - one or two storcys;
 - three storeys;
 - four or more storeys.
- 18. More details on the DSC are contained in the ABS Information Paper, *Dwelling Structure Classification* (DSC) (1296.0).

Seasonal adjustment

- 19. Seasonally adjusted dwelling unit statistics are shown in Table 3. In these series, account has been taken of normal seasonal factors and 'trading day' effects (arising from the varying numbers of Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays etc. in the month) and the effect of movement in the date of Easter which may, in successive years, affect figures for different months. Revision of figures results from annual re-analysis, details of which, together with information regarding the methods used in seasonally adjusting the series, are available on request.
- 20. Each of the component series shown has been seasonally adjusted independently. As a consequence, while the unadjusted components in the original series shown add to the totals, the adjusted components may not add to the adjusted totals. Further, the difference between independently seasonally adjusted series does not necessarily produce series which are optimal or even adequate adjustments of the similarly derived original series. Thus the figures which can be derived by subtracting seasonally adjusted private sector dwelling units from the seasonally adjusted total should not be used to represent seasonally adjusted public sector dwelling units.
- 21. Seasonal adjustment may be carried out by various methods and the results may vary slightly according to the procedure adopted. Accordingly, seasonally adjusted statistics should not be regarded as in any way definitive. In interpreting particular seasonally adjusted statistics it is important to bear in mind the methods by which they have been derived and the limitations to which the methods used are subject.
- 22. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series may be more clearly recognised. Seasonal adjustment procedures do not aim to remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month, such as the effect of the approval of large projects or as a consequence of the administrative arrangements of approving authorities. Irregular influences that are highly volatile can make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variation.
- 23. The seasonally adjusted series can, however, be smoothed to reduce the impact of the irregular component in the adjusted series. This smoothed seasonally adjusted series is called a trend estimate. There are a number of ways of accomplishing this, depending on the intended uses of the trend estimate. If importance is attached to measuring the underlying change in the most recent periods, moving averages employing weighting patterns should be adopted; the choice of averaging technique will determine in part the degree of smoothness of the derived series. For example, a 23-term moving average will generally even out more of the short term fluctuation in a series (and therefore appear 'smoother') than will a 13-term moving average. However, the longer the term of the moving average the longer the time series affected by revisions resulting from more recent data. In order to ensure that the underlying trend-cycle of a series is reflected in the trend estimate, the degree of smoothness alone cannot always be used as the

sole criterion in determining which moving average is appropriate.

- 24. Trend estimates of dwelling unit statistics are shown in Table 3. The trend estimates (often referred to as trend-cycle estimates) have been derived by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to the series.
- 25. While this technique enables trend estimates for the latest period to be produced, it does result in revisions to the trend estimates for the most recent months as additional observations become available. There may also be revisions as a result of changes in the original data, and as a result of the re-estimation of the seasonal factors. Details of other trend-cycle weighting patterns can be found in A Guide to Smoothing Time Series Estimates of Trend' (1316.0).

Estimates at constant prices

- 26. The base year of constant price estimates of building approvals, contained in this issue, has been changed to 1989-90.
- 27. Periodic rebasing of constant price estimates is necessary to take account of changed price relativities and structural relationships in the economy. The choice of the base year influences the movement in the constant price series and the usefulness of such series is diminished if the relative price weights of the base year differ significantly from the price relationships in the other periods included in the series. The more remote a base year is from the current period, the less likely that its relative prices will reflect the current situation.
- 28. A more detailed discussion of the need for rebasing constant price estimates and factors affecting the choice of base year is contained in the information paper *Change in Base Year of Constant Price Estimates from 1984-85 to 1989-90* (5227.0) released on 10 December 1992.
- 29. Estimates of the quarterly value of building approvals at average 1989-90 prices are presented in Table 4. (Note: monthly value data at constant prices are not available).
- 30. Constant price estimates measure changes in value after the direct effects of price changes have been eliminated. The deflators used to revalue the current price estimates in this publication are derived from the same price data underlying the deflators compiled for the dwellings and non-dwelling construction components of the national accounts aggregate 'Gross fixed capital expenditure'.
- 31. Estimates at constant prices are subject to a number of approximations and assumptions. Further information on the nature and concepts of constant price estimates is contained in Chapter 4 of Australian National Accounts: Concepts, Sources and Methods (5216.0).

Australian Standard Geographical Classification

32. Area statistics are classified according to the Australian Standard Geographical Classification. Figures previously published for local government areas and statistical divisions are directly comparable with this

classification except for the cities of Perth, Fremantle and Stirling which are obtained by aggregating the component statistical local areas.

Perth City Council Re-structure

33. From July 1994, Perth City Council has been split. Although there are still five SLA's, only two retain the same boundaries. The new Town of Shepperton (renamed Victoria Park on 2 November 1994) comprises the whole of the SLA previously known as Perth(C) South. The City of Perth is now comprised of two SLAs: Perth(C) Inner and Perth(C) Remainder. Perth(C) Inner boundaries have not changed. Perth(C) Remainder comprises the majority of Perth(C) Outer. The new Town of Vincent comprises the major part of Perth(C) North and a small part of Perth(C) Outer. The new Town of Cambridge comprises the remainder of Perth(C) North as well as all of Perth(C) Wembley-Coastal. For maps showing the new SLA boundaries, please contact the relevant councils.

Unpublished data and related publications

- 34. The ABS also makes available certain building approvals data which are not published. Where it is not practicable to provide the required information by telephone, data can be provided in the following forms: microfiche, photocopy, computer printout and elerically extracted tabulation. A charge may be made for providing unpublished information in these forms.
- 35. Users may also wish to refer to the following related publications which are available on request:

WESTERN AUSTRALIA	Catalogue No.		
Building Approvals - Private Sector,	a		
Perth Statistical Division (monthly)	8732.5		
Building Activity (quarterly)	8752.5		
Dwelling Unit Commencements (monthly)	8741.5		
AUSTRALIA			
Building Approvals (monthly)	8731.0		
Building Activity (quarterly)	8752.0		
Engineering Construction Survey (quarterly	/) 87 62. 0		
Housing Finance for Owner Occupation:			
Australia	5609.0		

36. All publications produced by the ABS are listed in *Catalogue of Publications and Products* (1101.0) which is available from any ABS Office.

Symbols and other usages

- 37. The following symbols, where shown in columns of figures or elsewhere in tables, mean:
 - nil, or rounded to zero
 r figure or series revised since previous issue.
- 38. Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

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